

### Teacher Classroom Performance Assessment Boards of Education of the Technical Schools and Special Services County of Bergen

Teacher:	<b>Observation Date:</b>
(Last Name)	(First Name)
Time Frame:	Class Assignment:
School Program:	Tenure: (Check one) YES: NO:
Number of Students Present (During	ng the Observation): Total Teaching Load:
Evaluator:	Position:
<b>Observation Number:</b>	
Pre-observation Conference Date:	<b>Post-observation Conference Date:</b>

**<u>SUMMARY</u>**: One or two sentences that provide context for the observation (i.e. type of activity or class)

### **EVALUATION CODES**:

U - Unsatisfactory:	The teacher does not yet appear to understand the concepts underlying this component. Working on the practices associated with the elements will enable the teacher to grow and develop in this area.
B – Basic:	The teacher appears to understand the concepts underlying the component and attempts to implement its elements, but implementation is sporadic or otherwise not successful
P – Proficient:	The teacher clearly understands the concepts underlying the component and implements it effectively.
D - Distinguished:	The teacher's mastery of technique in this criterion not only leads to successful learning and development, but can also serve as a viable source for the mentoring of other district instructors.
NA – Not Applicable:	The observer was not able to assess this criterion due to circumstances that were beyond the instructor's control.

## **DOMAIN 1: PLANNING & PREPARATION**

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1A. Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy	The teacher's plans display little knowledge of the content, prerequisite relationships between different aspects of the content, or the instructional practices specific to that discipline.	The teacher's plans reflect some awareness of the important concepts in the discipline, prerequisite relationships between them, and the instructional practices specific to that discipline.	The teacher's plans reflect solid knowledge of the content, prerequisite relationships between important concepts, and the instructional practices specific to that discipline.	The teacher's plans reflect extensive knowledge of the content and the structure of the discipline. The teacher actively builds on knowledge of prerequisites and misconceptions when describing instruction or seeking causes for student misunderstanding.
Check appropriate box to the right				
<b>EVIDENCE:</b>				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1B. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	The teacher demonstrates little or no knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and does not seek such understanding.	The teacher indicates the importance of understanding students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and attains this knowledge for the class as a whole.	The teachers actively seeks knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and attains this knowledge for groups of students.	The teacher actively seeks knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs from a variety of sources, and attains this knowledge for individual students.
Check appropriate box to the right EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1C. Setting Instructional Outcomes	Instructional outcomes are unsuitable for students, represent trivial or low-level learning, or are stated only as activities. They do not permit viable methods of assessment.	Instructional outcomes are of moderate rigor and are suitable for some students, but consist of a combination of activities and goals, some of which permit viable methods of assessment. They reflect more than one type of learning, but the teacher makes no attempt at coordination or integration.	Instructional outcomes are stated as goals reflecting high-level learning and curriculum standards. They are most suitable for most students in the class, represent different types of learning, and can be assessed. The outcomes reflect opportunities for coordination.	Instructional outcomes are stated as goals that can be assessed, reflecting rigorous learning and curriculum standards. They represent different types of content, offer opportunities for both coordination and integration, and take account of the needs of individual students.
Check appropriate				

box to the right		
<b>EVIDENCE:</b>		

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1D. Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources	The teacher demonstrates little or no familiarity with resources to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, or for students who need them. The teacher does not seek such knowledge.	The teacher demonstrates some familiarity with resources available through the school or district to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, or for students who need them. The teacher does not seek to extend such knowledge.	The teacher is fully aware of the resources available through the school or district to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, or for students who need them.	The teacher seeks out resources in and beyond the school or district in professional organizations, on the Internet, and in the community to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, and for students who need them.
Check appropriate box to the right				
<b>EVIDENCE:</b>	L	L		•

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1E. Designing Coherent Instruction	The series of learning experiences is poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes and does not represent a coherent structure. The experiences are suitable for only some students.	The series of learning experiences demonstrates partial alignment with instructional outcomes, and some of the experiences are likely to engage students in significant learning. The lesson or unit has a recognizable structure and reflects partial knowledge of students and resources.	The teacher coordinates knowledge of content, of students, and of resources to design a series of learning experiences aligned to instructional outcomes and suitable for groups of students. The lesson or unit has a clear structure and is likely to engage students in significant learning.	The teacher coordinates knowledge of content, of students, and of resources, to design a series of learning experiences aligned to instructional outcomes, differentiated where appropriate to make them suitable to all students and likely to engage them in significant learning. The lesson or unit structure is clear and allows for different pathways according to student needs.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
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1F. Designing Student Assessments	The teacher's plan for assessing student learning contains no clear criteria or standards, is poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes, or is inappropriate for many students. The results of assessment have minimal impact on the design of future instruction.	The teacher's plan for student assessment is partially aligned with the instructional outcomes, without clear criteria, and inappropriate for at least some students. The teacher intends to use assessment results to plan for future instruction for the class as a whole.	The teacher's plan for student assessment is aligned with the instructional outcomes, uses clear criteria, and is appropriate to the needs of students. The teacher intends to use assessment results to plan for future instruction for groups of students.	The teacher's plan for student assessment is fully aligned with the instructional outcomes, with clear criteria and standards that show evidence of student contribution to their development. Assessment methodologies may have been adapted for individuals, and the teacher intends to use assessment results to plan future instruction for individual students.
Check appropriate box to the right				

# **DOMAIN 2: CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT**

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
2A. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport	Classroom interactions, both between the teacher and students, and among students, are negative, inappropriate, or insensitive to students' cultural backgrounds and are characterized by sarcasm, put-downs, or conflict.	Classroom interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are generally appropriate and free from conflict, but may be characterized by occasional displays of insensitivity or lack of responsiveness to cultural or developmental differences among students.	Classroom interactions between the teacher and students and among students are polite and respectful, reflecting general warmth and caring, and are appropriate to the cultural and developmental differences among groups of students.	Classroom interactions between the teacher and individual students are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring and sensitivity to students' cultures and levels of development. Students themselves ensure high levels of civility among members of the class.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:		I	I	

COMPONENT Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
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2B. Establishing a Culture for Learning	The classroom environment conveys a negative culture for learning, characterized by low teacher commitment to the subject, low expectations for student achievement, and little or no student pride in work.	The teacher's attempt to create a culture for learning is partially successful, with little teacher commitment to the subject, modest expectations for student achievement, and little student pride in work. Both the teacher and students appear to be "only going through the motions."	The classroom culture is characterized by high expectations for most students and genuine commitment to the subject by both teacher and students, with students demonstrating pride in their work.	High levels of student energy and teacher passion for the subject create a culture for learning in which everyone shares a belief in the importance of the subject and all students hold themselves to high standards of performance – for example, by initiating improvements to their work.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
2C. Managing Classroom Procedures	Much instructional time is lost because of inefficient classroom routines and procedures for transitions, handling of supplies, and performance of noninstructional duties.	Some instructional time is lost because classroom routines and procedures for transitions, handling of supplies, and performance of noninstructional duties are only partially effective.	Little instructional time is lost because of classroom routines and procedures for transitions, handling of supplies, and performance of noninstructional duties, which occur smoothly.	Students contribute to the seamless operation of classroom routines and procedures for transitions, handling of supplies, and performance of noninstructional duties.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
2D. Managing Student Behavior	There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established and little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive or disrespectful of student dignity.	It appears that the teacher has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students. The teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior.	Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the teacher monitors student behavior against those standards. The teacher's response to student misbehavior is appropriate and respects the students' dignity.	Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence of student participation in setting them. The teacher's monitoring of student behavior is subtle and preventive, and the teacher's response to student misbehavior is sensitive to individual student needs. Students take an active role in monitoring the standards of behavior.
Check appropriate				

box to the right		
<b>EVIDENCE:</b>		

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
2E. Organizing Physical Space	The physical environment is unsafe, or some students don't have access to learning. Alignment between the physical arrangement and the lesson activities is poor.	The classroom is safe, and essential learning is accessible to most students; the teacher's use of physical resources, including computer technology, is moderately effective. The teacher may attempt to modify the physical arrangement to suit learning activities, with partial success.	The classroom is safe, and learning accessible to all students; the teacher ensures that the physical arrangement is appropriate to the learning activities. The teacher makes effective use of physical resources, including computer technology.	The classroom is safe, and the physical environment ensures the learning of all students, including those with special needs. Students contribute to the use or adaptation of the physical environment to advance learning. Technology is used skillfully, as appropriate to the lesson.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:				

## **DOMAIN 3: INSTRUCTION**

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
3A.Communi- cating with Students	Expectations for learning, directions and procedures, and explanations of content are unclear or confusing to students. The teacher's use of language contains errors or is inappropriate for students' cultures or levels of development	Expectations for learning, directions and procedures, and explanations of content are clarified after initial confusion; the teacher's use of language is correct but may not be completely appropriate for students' cultures or levels of development.	Expectations for learning, directions and procedures, and explanations of content are clear to students' cultures and levels of development.	Expectations for learning, directions and procedures, and explanations of content are clear to students. The teacher's oral and written communication is clear and expressive, appropriate for students' cultures and levels of development, and anticipates possible student misconceptions.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT Unsatisfactory Basic Proficient Distinguished	COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
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3B. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques	The teacher's questions are low level or inappropriate, eliciting limited student participation and recitation rather than discussion.	Some of the teacher's questions elicit a thoughtful response, but most are low-level, posed in rapid succession. The teacher's attempts to engage all students in the discussion are only partially successful.	Most of the teacher's questions elicit a thoughtful response, and the teacher allows sufficient time for students to answer. All students participate in the discussion, with the teacher stepping aside when appropriate.	Questions reflect high expectations and are culturally and developmentally appropriate. Students formulate many of the high- level questions and ensure that all voices are heard.
Check appropriate box to the right EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
3C. Engaging Students in Learning	Activities and assignments, materials and groupings of students are inappropriate for the instructional outcomes or students' cultures or levels of understanding, resulting in little intellectual engagement. The lesson has no structure or is poorly paced.	Activities and assignments, materials, and groupings of students are partially appropriate to the instructional outcomes or students' cultures or levels of understanding, resulting in moderate intellectual engagement. The lesson has a recognizable structure, but that structure is not fully maintained.	Activities and assignments, materials, and groupings of students are fully appropriate for the instructional outcomes and students' cultures and levels of understanding. All students are engaged in work of a high level of rigor. The lesson's structure is coherent, with appropriate pace and closure.	Students, throughout the lesson, are highly intellectually engaged in significant learning, and make material contributions to the activities, student groupings, and materials. The lesson is adapted as necessary to the needs of individuals, and the structure and pacing allow for student reflection and closure.
Check appropriate box to the right				
EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
3D. Using Assessment in Instruction	Assessment is not used in instruction, either through monitoring of progress by the teacher or students, or through feedback to students. Students are unaware of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work.	Assessment is occasionally used in instruction, through some monitoring of progress of learning by the teacher and/or students. Feedback to students is uneven, and students are aware of only some of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work.	Assessment is regularly used in instruction, through self-assessment by students, monitoring of progress of learning by the teacher and/or students, and high- quality feedback to students. Students are fully aware of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work.	Assessment is used in a sophisticated manner in instruction, through student involvement in establishing the assessment criteria, self- assessment by students, monitoring of progress by both students and teacher, and high-quality feedback to students from a variety of sources.
Check appropriate				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
3E. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness	The teacher adheres to the instruction plan, even when a change would improve the lesson or address students' lack of interest. The teacher brushes aside student questions; when students experience difficulty the teacher blames the students or their home environment.	The teacher attempts to modify the lesson when needed and to respond to student questions, with moderate success. The teacher accepts responsibility for student success, but has only a limited repertoire of strategies to draw on.	The teacher promotes the successful learning of all students, making adjustments as needed to instruction plans and accommodating student questions, needs, and interests.	The teacher seizes an opportunity to enhance learning, building on a spontaneous event or student interests. The teacher ensures the success of all students, using an extensive repertoire of instructional strategies.
Check appropriate box to the right EVIDENCE:				

## DOMAIN 4: PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
4A. Reflecting on Teaching	The teacher does not accurately assess the effectiveness of the lesson and has no idea about how the lesson could be improved.	The teacher provides a partially accurate and objective description of the lesson but does not cite specific evidence. The teacher makes only general suggestions as to how the lesson might be improved.	The teacher provides an accurate and objective description of the lesson, citing specific evidence. The teacher makes some specific suggestions as to how the lesson might be improved.	The teacher's reflection on the lesson is thoughtful and accurate, citing specific evidence. The teacher draws on an extensive repertoire to suggest alternative strategies and predicts the likely success of each.
Check appropriate box to the right EVIDENCE:				

COMPONENT	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
4B. Maintaining Accurate Records	The teacher's system for maintaining both instructional and noninstructional records are either nonexistent or in disarray, resulting in errors and confusion.	The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and noninstructional records are rudimentary and only partially effective.	The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and noninstructional records are accurate, efficient, and effective.	The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and noninstructional records are accurate, efficient, and effective, and students contribute to its maintenance.
Check appropriate				

box to the right		
<b>EVIDENCE:</b>		

#### **Recommendations:**

Teacher Signature:	Date:	
Evaluator Signature:	Date:	

SIGNATURE INDICATES THAT THE STAFF MEMBER HAS REVIEWED A COPY OF THIS PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT REPORT. THE INSTRUCTOR'S SIGNATURE DOES NOT NECESSARILY INDICATE THAT THE INSTRUCTOR CONCURS WITH THE ASSESSMENT. THE INSTRUCTOR MAY ATTACH A RESPONSE TO THIS ASSESSMENT REPORT.